

SAFETY DATA SHEET

	WEATHERSHIELD EXTERIOR ONE COAT GLOSS
SECTION 1: Identificundertaking	cation of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	: WEATHERSHIELD EXTERIOR ONE COAT GLOSS
1.2. Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	Solvent borne coating for exterior use.
1.3. Details of the supplier o	of the safety data sheet ICI Paints AkzoNobel, Wexham Road, Slough, Berkshire, SL2 5DS, U.K. Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 71 71 www.dulux.co.uk
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: dulux.advice@akzonobel.com
1.4 Emergency telephone nu	umber
Telephone number	: Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000
Version	: 9
Date of previous issue	20-12-2018

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture	
Product definition : Mixture	
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.	
Ingredients of unknown : 0% toxicity	
Ingredients of unknown : 0% ecotoxicity	
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	
See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.	
2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms :	

	▼
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Precautionary statements	
General	 P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	: P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P235 - Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Contains butanone oxime and IPBC. May produce an allergic reaction.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	ents
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Voluntary label element (CEPE)	: Not applicable.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture			
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
ydrocarbons, C9-C11, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33	≥10 - ≤15	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤0,45	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n- alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <2%aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39	≤1,5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
calcium isononanoate	EC: 258-901-1 CAS: 53988-05-9	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	REACH #: 01-2119979088-21 EC: 245-018-1 CAS: 22464-99-9	≤1	Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child)	[1] [2]
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	REACH #: 01-2119539477-28 EC: 202-496-6 CAS: 96-29-7 Index: 616-014-00-0	≤0,3	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0,3	Not classified.	[2]
IPBC	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	<0,25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	EC: 240-085-3 CAS: 15956-58-8	≤0,1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361fd (Fertility and Unborn child) STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EC: 202-425-9 CAS: 95-50-1 Index: 602-034-00-7	<0,1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Туре</u>

Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19-6-2019

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give General anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice. : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the Eye contact eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice. Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains butanone oxime, IPBC. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	Freat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediate	ely if large
	quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture

J.2 Opecial nazarus arising		
Hazards from the substance or mixture	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition placause a health hazard.	roducts may
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	ו monoxide,

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19-6-2019

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

handling	 avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.
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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations: Not available.Industrial sector specific: Not available.solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
P-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, manganese salt	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
2-etityinexanoic aciu, manganese sait	TWA: 0.5 mg/m^3 , (as Mn) 8 hours.
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 306 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 153 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere or of the ventilation protective equi- the following: the assessment limit values and atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace ath for the measure	contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness on or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory pment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for nt of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with d measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 mospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

DNELs/DMELs

No DNELs/DMELs available.

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

•	e controls/personal protection	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.	
Individual protection meas	<u>es</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, bef eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothi Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection		
Gloves	: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protect class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection clas of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.	SS
	NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors su as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requireme (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.	uch ents
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling the product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions o use, as included in the user's risk assessment.	
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.	ve
	Always ensure that the gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.	I
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.	
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	;
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.	;
	OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:	
	When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the ag of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. The is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assum that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.	ere
	Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommende that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area	e
	Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN14 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with	13

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead. OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

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Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. controls

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Colour	:	Various: See label.
Odour	1	Not available.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	185°C
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 32°C
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Not available.
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	1	Not available.
Relative density	:	1,187
Solubility(ies)	1	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (room temperature): 5,91 cm ² /s
Explosive properties	1	Not available.
Oxidising properties	:	Not available.
9.2. Other information		
Solubility in water	1	Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.	
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains butanone oxime, IPBC. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
IP BC	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	-
1,2-dichlorobenzene	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	8150 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1228 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	840 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4386 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	5 g/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Mouse	400 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	250 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Inhalation (gases)	33218,4 mg/kg 580920,4 ppm 2489,7 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0,5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Specific target organ toxic	<u>city (single exposure)</u>

opecine target organ toxicity (single exposure)			
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
₽BC	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics, <pre><2%aromatics</pre>	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment, but contains substance(s) hazardous to the environment. See section 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
₽BC	Acute EC50 0,022 mg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0,16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Acute LC50 4,52 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	-	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
₽BC	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
alcium isononanoate	-	3.1 to 7	low	
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	-	2,96	low	
zirconium salt				
Methyl ethyl ketoxime	0,63	2.5 to 5.8	low	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)	0,004	-	low	
propanol				
IPBC	2,81	-	low	
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	-	2,96	low	
manganese salt				
1,2-dichlorobenzene	3,43	269,153480392	low	

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
	P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.
vPvB	: Not applicable.
	vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product			
Methods of disposal	D w a re d	Disposal of this produ vith the requirements and any regional local ecyclable products vi	ste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. ct, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- a a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of sdiction.
Hazardous waste	: T	The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.	
Disposal considerations	L L L L	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. 	
Packaging			
Methods of disposal	р	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	tł E C	: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.	
Type of packaging			European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01		packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions
 This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	3	3
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	111	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	No.	No.
Marine pollutant substances		Not available.
14.6 Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
HI/Kemler number	30	
Emergency schedules (EmS)		F-E, S-E
14.7 Transport in bu according to Annex MARPOL and the IB	ll of	
Additional information	✓iscous substance exemption In pack sizes less than 450 litres, under the terms of 2.2.3.1. 5, this product is not subject to the provisions of ADR. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)	✓iscous substance exemption In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging, labelling and marking requirements of the IMDG Code, but both full documentation and placarding of cargo transport units is still required.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)	
Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation	
Annex XIV	
None of the components are listed.	
Substances of very high concern	
None of the components are listed.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.	
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market and use of certain	
dangerous substances,	
mixtures and articles	
Other EU regulations	
VOC : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Re	fer to the
product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.	
VOC for Ready-for-Use : Not applicable. Mixture	
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)	
Not listed.	
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)	
Not listed.	
Seveso Directive	
This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso E major accident hazards.	Directive or
International regulations	
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.	
<u>Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)</u>	
Not listed.	
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants	
Not listed.	
Potterdam Convention on Brier Informed Concent (BIC)	
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.	
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals	
Not listed.	
15.2 Chemical safety : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.	
assessment	
SECTION 16: Other information	
CEPE code : 1	
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.	

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

SECTION 16: Other information

RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H 226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 3, H331		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2, H351		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
EUH066		Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361fd		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Fertility and Unborn child) -
•		Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1, H372		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 19-6-2019	
Date of issue/ Date of	: 19-6-2019	
revision		
Date of previous issue	: 20-12-2018	
Version	: 9	
	-	

Notice to reader

SECTION 16: Other information

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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